Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects									
	N	Y5 Progression Statements – Art							
	$\bigcirc$	Autumn 1	Autumn 2		Spring 1	Spring 2		Summer 1	Summer 2
	What pupils	Disciplinary Knowledge		ut th	e year through the te	eaching and learning of	Sub	stantive Knowledge,	and should be
	learn about	revisited in a range of co	ontexts:						
	how art is	Know how artists		•	Know how artists		•	Know how artists	
	studied,	(including			(including			(including	
	discussed and	photographers,			photographers,			photographers,	
	judged:	illustrators,			illustrators,			illustrators,	
	Providing	collage artists and			collage artists and			collage artists and	
	opportunities to discuss and	designers) from a			designers) from a			designers) from a	
	review their own	variety of			variety of			variety of	
	and others' work;	traditions, times			traditions, times			traditions, times	
	Enabling pupils to express thoughts and feelings about artworks and explore a	and cultures, use			and cultures, use			and cultures, use	
		art to express			art to express			art to express	
		their emotions,			their emotions,			their emotions,	
		observations and			observations and			observations and	
	range of great	experiences.			experiences.			experiences.	
Disciplinary	artists, craft	<ul> <li>Identify how</li> </ul>		•	Identify how		•	Identify how	
Knowledge	makers, architects and designers.	artistic			artistic			artistic	
	and designers.	movements have			movements have			movements have	
		changed and			changed and			changed and	
		developed over			developed over			developed over	
		time, using			time, using			time, using	
		appropriate art			appropriate art			appropriate art	
		vocabulary.			vocabulary.			vocabulary.	
		<ul> <li>Express and</li> </ul>		•	Express and		•	Express and	
		explain their			explain their			explain their	
		thoughts,			thoughts,			thoughts,	
		emotions and			emotions and			emotions and	
		observations of			observations of			observations of	
		art.			art.			art.	
		• Recognise the art		•	Recognise the art		•	Recognise the art	
		of key artists they			of key artists they			of key artists they	1
		have studied.			have studied.			have studied.	

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		1	ear 5 Curriculum Progr	ession statements - P	
		<ul> <li>Use sketchbooks</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Use sketchbooks</li> </ul>	Use sketchbooks
		to collect, record		to collect, record	to collect, record
		and plan for		and plan for	and plan for
	Sketchbook	future works.		future works.	future works.
	SKELCHDOOK	<ul> <li>Use sketchbooks</li> </ul>	•	<ul> <li>Use sketchbooks</li> </ul>	Use sketchbooks
		to trial		to trial	to trial
		adaptations to		adaptations to	adaptations to
		their work.		their work.	their work.
		Drawing:	F	Painting:	Sculpture:
		<ul> <li>Draw for a</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Purposefully</li> </ul>	Work in a safe,
		sustained period		control the types	organised way,
		working on one		of marks made.	caring for
		piece.		<ul> <li>Purposefully use</li> </ul>	equipment.
		<ul> <li>Use different</li> </ul>		different effects	Secure work to
		techniques for		and textures	continue at a
		different		including blocking	later date.
		purposes i.e.,		in colour, washes,	Develop work
Substantive		shading, hatching		thickened paint	through a
Knowledge		within their own		creating textural	combination of
Kilowieuge		work,		effects.	pinch, slab, and
	Drawing,	understanding		<ul> <li>Experiment in</li> </ul>	coil.
	Painting,	which works well		order to develop	Gain experience
	Sculpture,	in their work and		their own style of	in modelling over
	Printing,	why.		painting. This	an armature, e.g.
	Textiles	<ul> <li>Use drawing</li> </ul>		style may be	a newspaper
		techniques to		through the	frame for
		work from a		development of	Modroc.
		variety of sources		mixed media,	Work around
		including		colour, tonal	armatures or over
		observation,		contrast and	constructed
		photographs and		shade.	foundations.
		digital images.		<ul> <li>Mix and match</li> </ul>	Experiment with
		Begin to develop		colours to create	working in relief
		their own style of		atmosphere and	and freestanding
		drawing through		light effects.	work using a
		line, tone, pattern		Mix colour,	range of media.
		and texture.		shades and tones,	,
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		Year 5 Curriculum Prog	ression Statements - /	All subjects	
	Experiment with use of simple perspective in their work using single focal point and horizon.	a	building on previous knowledge.	• •	Experiment with working in the understanding of different ways of finishing work: glaze, paint, polish. Recognise sculptural forms in the environment, such as furniture or buildings. Carve a simple form. Use language appropriate to skill and technique. Adapt work as and when necessary, explaining why.
Кеу			ons; artistic movemen	ts; adaptions; focal point	; horizon; tonal contrast; atmosphere;
Vocabulary	armature; glaze; polish; sculptural for	ms; maquettes.			

CONFIDENCE

	Tear 5 curriculum Fr	ogression statements	- All Subjects		
	product will				product will
	work.				work.
	o generate				o generate
	innovative ideas				innovative ideas
	that meet the				that meet the
	needs of the				needs of the
	user.				user.
	<ul> <li>Record a step-by-</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Record a step-by-</li> </ul>
	step plan of the				step plan of the
	making process,				making process,
	including the				including the
	tools, equipment				tools, equipment
	and materials				and materials
	they will be				they will be
	using.				using.
	Represent ideas				Represent ideas
	in diagrams,				in diagrams,
	annotated				annotated
	sketches and				sketches and
	computer-based				computer-based
	programs (where				programs (where
	appropriate).				appropriate).
	Create pattern				Create pattern
	pieces and				pieces and
	prototypes.				prototypes.
	Use materials				<ul> <li>Use materials</li> </ul>
	appropriate to				appropriate to
	their DT project,				their DT project,
Make: Tools,	e.g., construction				e.g., construction
safety,	materials and				materials and
measuring,	kits, textiles,				kits, textiles,
joining,	food, mechanical				food, mechanical
problem	components.				components.
solving,	Choose a range				Choose a range
finishing.	of suitable tools				of suitable tools
	for making,				for making,
	explaining why				explaining why
RESPECT	CONFIDENCE	COI	LABORATION	INNC	OVATION
					-

Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects
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			ogression statements	- All Subjects	ı
		they should be			they should be
		used.			used.
	•	Follow outlined			<ul> <li>Follow outlined</li> </ul>
		safety and			safety
		hygiene			procedures,
		procedures,			independently
		independently			and without
		and without			prompting.
		prompting.			<ul> <li>Independently</li> </ul>
		Independently			and without
	-	and without			prompting, use
					their design
		prompting, use			criteria whilst
		their design			
		criteria whilst			making.
		making.			<ul> <li>Measure, mark,</li> </ul>
	•	Measure, mark,			cut and shape
		cut and shape			materials and
		materials and			components
		components			accurately.
		accurately.			<ul> <li>Join, assemble</li> </ul>
	•	Join, assemble			and combine
		and combine			materials and
		materials and			components
		components			accurately.
		accurately.			<ul> <li>Demonstrate</li> </ul>
	•	Demonstrate			problem solving
		problem solving			skills when
		skills when			encountering a
		encountering a			mistake or
		mistake or			practical
		practical			problem.
		problem.			<ul> <li>Use finishing</li> </ul>
		Use finishing			techniques
		-			
		techniques			accurately.
		accurately.			

			ogression statements		1
E	Evaluate	<ul> <li>Use their design specification to evaluate products, looking at quality of end product and design and whether it is fit for its</li> </ul>	0	t I c	• Use their design specification to evaluate products, ooking at quality of end product and design and whether t is fit for its
		intended purpose. Consider the views of others, including intended user, whilst evaluating product.		i	<ul> <li>Consider the views of others, including intended user, whilst evaluating product.</li> </ul>
Substantive Knowledge	<b>Fechnical</b> <b>nowledge</b> : Food, onstruction tools and chniques), Textiles, echanisms.	<ul> <li>Food:</li> <li>Know that different food and drinks contain different substances (nutrients, water, fibre) that are needed for health.</li> <li>Know how to prepare and cook more than one simple, predominately savoury, dishes hygienically and safely, including where appropriate, use of a heat source.</li> <li>Prepare and cook a simple, savoury dish hygienically</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Construction – frame structures:</li> <li>Use materials for their functionality and aesthetic appearance to construct a strong structure.</li> <li>Know how to make strong, stiff shell structures.</li> <li>Reinforce and strengthen a 3D framework.</li> </ul>

Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects
and safely,
including where
appropriate, use
of a heat source.
Know that
recipes can be
adapted, e.g., by
adding or
substituting one
or more
ingredients, to
change the
appearance,
taste, texture
and aroma.
Weigh and
measure
accurately
including timings,
dry ingredients
and liquids.
Apply the use of
basic food
hygiene and
safety e.g. use of
ovens.
Use cooking
techniques
including, but not
limited to:
chopping,
peeling, grating
slicing, mixing,
spreading,
kneading and
baking.

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			<ul> <li>Safely demonstrate some knife skills.</li> </ul>					
Кеу	Key In addition to vocabulary from previous year groups: Specification, analyse, combine, construct, criteria, evaluate, requirements, functionality,							
Vocabulary	yeast, dough, bran, seasonality, source, intolerance, allergy, varied, gluten, nutrition, frame, stiffen, reinforce, triangulation, stability, temporary,							
	permanent, sp	permanent, specification						



	N	Y5 Progression Statements – Geography					
l	<b>N</b>	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
		<ul> <li>revisited in a range of of</li> <li>Develop under</li> <li>Geographical places over time.</li> </ul>	standing of:	nan, e.g. migration, pol		s about how these chan	
Disciplinar Y Knowledge		<ul> <li>Enquiry skills are addressed throughout the year through the teaching and learning of Substantive Knowledge, and should be revisited in a range of contexts:</li> <li>Develop their own considered enquiry questions.</li> <li>Decide which sources, tools and processes would help to give them a balanced and well supported response: <ul> <li>Read and make plans and maps using a greater range of symbols and keys accurately.</li> <li>Be able to suggest a scale for maps.</li> <li>Make appropriate choices when using mapping to begin to describe the features studied.</li> <li>Confidently use the 8 points of the compass and begin to use 6 figure grid references for UK and wider world.</li> <li>Observe and record human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods.</li> <li>Use increasingly complex atlases, world maps and digital technologies to build their knowledge of the UK and the wider world.</li> <li>Discuss the most appropriate method to record information.</li> <li>Analyse maps and charts to support arguments and justify their conclusions.</li> <li>Be able to compare and contrast multiple geographical elements and begin to identify that different opinions on them are held.</li> <li>Be able to select and compare appropriate methods of communicating learning considering audience and purpose.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Communicate their findings using increasingly technical geographical terms.</li> <li>Be able to share an opinion, explain reasoning, critically reflect on reliability and respectfully refute counter arguments using factual</li> </ul>					
Substantiv e Knowledge		<ul> <li>Local - use their conceptual understanding and enquiry skills to:</li> <li>Name and locate a range of villages, towns, cities and landmarks in the South West.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>World - use their conceptual understanding and enquiry skills to:</li> <li>Locate a range of countries around the World, identifying the main mountain ranges and longest rivers.</li> </ul>	Similarities and differences between the Severn Valley and the Yellow River valley - use their conceptual understanding and enquiry skills to: • Understand the similarities and differences (both	
	RESPECT		CONFIDENCE	COL	LABORATION	INNC	VATION

	Year 5 Curriculum	Progression Statements - All subjects
	UK - use their         conceptual         understanding and         enquiry skills to:         •       Use sources on         three different         locations in the UK         to ask and answer         questions about         them.	Progression Statements - All subjects
Physical and Human Features and Processes	<ul> <li>Understand how the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water affect the lives of people.</li> <li>Understand how the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water affects the land use and settlements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to understand how population growth changes over time and impacts on local and global resources.</li> <li>Understand how population growth changes over time and impacts on local and global resources.</li> <li>Explain how meanders are human geographical process of migration.</li> <li>Asks questions about how migration changes</li> <li>Explain how the water cycle is a closed system.</li> </ul>

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		um Progression Statements - An subjects	
	Understand how	landscapes and	
	some human	places over time.	
	processes make		
	changes that are		
	irreversible and		
	reversible.		
	Know how the		
	services and		
	resources		
	available in		
	different localities		
	affect the lives of		
	the people.		
Key Vocabulary	Scale, meander, flood plain, erosion, de	eposition, oxbow lake, delta, confluence, tributary, waterfall, overha	ng, plunge-pool, undercut, water-
	cycle, ground water, precipitation, con	densation, evaporation, terrain, industry, natural resources, global re	esources, distribution

		Year 5 Curricu	Ilum Progression Stater	nents - All subjects		
N		Year 5	•	ements – Global I	Learning	
				ughout the curriculum.	-	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Skills and	Work co-	<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	Give evidence	Demonstrate	Express their
Capabilities: Critical	operatively	that there	the meanings	for an argument		own views
and creative	to solve	may be	of bias, opinion	and present	towards	and ideas on
thinking, Empathy,	problems or	negative	and	counter	others.	issues clearly,
Self-awareness and	achieve	feelings	stereotypes.	arguments.	<ul> <li>Identify some</li> </ul>	using a range
reflection,	goals.	towards	<ul> <li>Listen</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	of the impacts	of appropriate
Communication,	• Use	others and in	attentively to,	that in some	of prejudice	methods,
Cooperation and	knowledge of	new or	question and	situations there	and	giving reasons
conflict resolution,	others'	difficult	respond to	may not be no	discrimination.	and evidence.
Ability to manage	viewpoints to	situations.	others.	single right or		Share
complexity and	resolve	<ul> <li>Independently</li> </ul>		wrong answer.		opinions and
uncertainty,	problems	use strategies				evidence on
Informed and	and	to cope with				issues with
reflective action.	compromise.	challenging				others,
	• Use	times.				including
	strategies to					decision-
	manage					makers.
	anger,					
	frustration					
	and					
	aggressive					
	feelings.					
Values and	Demonstrate:	Demonstrate:	Demonstrate:	Demonstrate:	Demonstrate:	Demonstrate:
Attitudes: Sense of	<ul> <li>positivity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>concern for</li> </ul>	• belief that it is	<ul> <li>a personal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognising the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>proactive</li> </ul>
identity and self-	about the	injustice and	everyone's	sense of	benefits of	inclusion of
esteem,	ways in	inequality.	responsibility	responsibility	listening to a	other people,
Commitment to	which they	willingness to	to challenge	for the	range of	recognising
social justice and	, are both	cooperate	prejudice and	environment	different	the
equity, Respect for	similar to	with others to	discrimination.	and the use of	perspectives	removable
people and human	others and	change things	<ul> <li>willingness to</li> </ul>	resources.	and	barriers that
rights, Valuing	uniquely	for the	learn about	commitment to	viewpoints.	prevent some
diversity, Concern	different.	better.	diversity from	taking action to	<ul> <li>sense of</li> </ul>	, people from
for the environment			the	protect and	wonder and	

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		Year 5 Curricul	um Progression Statem	nents - All subjects		
and commitment to sustainable development, Commitment to participation and inclusion, Belief that people can bring about change.	<ul> <li>valuing what contributes to their own identity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>compassion to the needs and rights of others.</li> </ul>	experiences of people they have learnt about or know. • appreciating and valuing difference.	improve the environment and quality of life for people locally and globally.	curiosity about the world. • active participation in school-based decision making.	<ul> <li>participating fully.</li> <li>belief that individuals, including themselves, and groups can improve situations.</li> <li>knowledge and understanding of the school ethos and learning values at an age- appropriate level.</li> </ul>
Knowledge and Understanding: Social justice and equity, Identity and diversity, Globalisation and interdependence, Sustainable development, Peace and conflict, Human rights, Power and governance.	<ul> <li>Know about some examples of conflicts past and present in their own society.</li> <li>Know and use effective strategies for managing, resolving and preventing conflict, including 'win-win' solutions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know some of the main causes and effects of poverty and inequality at local, national and global levels.</li> <li>Know some of the ways they can carry out a role as a local and global citizen.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand how the UN Convention of the Rights of the Child affects their own lives.</li> <li>Know and understand some reasons why some people have their rights denied.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify some ways in which local actions can affect the wider world, e.g., FairTrade.</li> <li>Begin to understand the concepts of environmentally responsible living and global inequalities in ecological footprints.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know and understand the basics of how their own country is governed.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the nature of prejudice, racism and sexism.</li> <li>Know that there are nine protected characteristic: in the Equality Act 2010 and describe what some of them are.</li> </ul>
			•••	ant, minority, discriminati		
RESPE	СТ	CONFIDENCE		COLLABORATION	INNO	VATION

	N		Y5 F	Progression Sta	tements – Hist	ory	
	<b>N</b>	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Disci plina ry Kno wled ge	Difference, Significance, Interpretation and Perspective, Reliability Historical Enquiry: Ability to ask auestions.	<ul> <li>Make connect</li> <li>Assessment: I reasons are more imp</li> <li>Assessment: I different time periods</li> <li>Understand so</li> <li>Understand so</li> <li>Understand th</li> <li>Select and eva</li> <li>Historical enquiry skills revisited in a range of co</li> <li>Devise historic</li> <li>Assessment: I historical enquiries ar</li> <li>Assessment: I historical enquiries ar</li> <li>Justify their pr</li> <li>Reach their ov</li> <li>Reflect on the</li> <li>Present inform</li> </ul>	ontexts: The chronological relations between main even Make connections between main even Make connections between main even Make connections between main even output than others. Describe some of the studied. Describe some of the may studied. Describe some of the max studied. Describe some of the studied. Describe some of the studie	hout the year through the yearts, situations and of tween a range of reast social, cultural, religined at make historical figures at make historical figures that the historical sources, under the year through the year through the year through the year the year through the year the year the year the year through the year the year the year the year through.	iods of history studied changes within and ac sons for historical events ous and ethnic divers ures and events studie events and interpre- erstanding that some torical periods studied ir enquiry and learning mary and secondary so ound. e they've found.	d. cross different periods, ents and changes, und ity in Britain and the ed significant. tations have been con may be more reliable of Substantive Knowled d. predictions based on t	/societies. erstanding that some wider world at structed. than others. dge, and should be their previous



			ogression statements	- All Subjects			
		-					The Shang
		<u>history study</u>	and settlement by				<u>Dynasty</u>
			<u>Vikings, Anglo-</u>				
		<ul> <li>Assessment:</li> </ul>	Saxons and Scots			•	Assessment:
		Place events					Place the
		studied on a	• Assessment:				period on a
		timeline in	Place the				timeline in
		relation to prior	period on a				relation to prior
		learning.	timeline in				learning.
		<ul> <li>Know some of</li> </ul>	relation to			•	Know some of
		what was	prior learning.				what was
		happening in	• Know some of				happening in
		different parts of	what was				different parts
		the world at the	happening in				of the world,
		time of events	different parts				including
Subs		studied.	of the world at				Britain, at this
tanti		<ul> <li>Understand how</li> </ul>	this time.				time (hook back
ve	Historical	we know about	Understand				to Y3 Bronze
Kno	Knowledge and	events in the past	how we know				Age to Stone
wled	Understanding	in Barnstaple.	about Vikings,				Age and Y3
ge		<ul> <li>Know about</li> </ul>	Anglo-Saxons				Ancient Egypt)
0-		aspects of	and Scots.			•	Understand
		diversity within	• Assessment:				how we know
		Barnstaple's	Know that				about the Shang
		past.	during the				Dynasty.
		<ul> <li>Know about the</li> </ul>	Anglo-Saxon			•	Know what life
		founding and	period, Britain				was like for
		naming of	was divided				different people
		Barnstaple.	into many				in Shang
		<ul> <li>Know about how</li> </ul>	kingdoms,				society.
		Barnstaple has	which relate to			•	Assessment:
		changed in size	some of				Understand
		and importance	today's county				some of the
		over its history.	boundaries.				power
		<ul> <li>Assessment:</li> </ul>	Know about				structures
		Understand the	how the Anglo-				within the
		impact of trade	Saxons				civilisation.
	RESPECT	CONFIDENCE	COL	LABORATION	INNO	VAT	ION

				- All Subjects		
	on Barnstaple's		attempted to		•	Assessment:
	history, including	1	bring about law			Know about
	pottery, wool		and order in			some of the
	trade and the		Britain,			ways the Shang
	'triangle of trade'	'	including			Dynasty has
	fishing route		understanding			influenced our
	(hook back to Y1		some of the			society today
	Spring 1).		power			e.g writing.
	<ul> <li>Understand the</li> </ul>		structures		•	Know about
	role played in		within the			different ritual
	Barnstaple's		civilisation.			elements of the
	history by key	•	Assessment:			Shang religion.
	landmarks such		Know about			
	as: Barnstaple		some of		•	Know and use
	Castle, the		Britain's			the key
	Pannier Market,		invasions and			vocabulary:
	Butcher's Row		settlement by		0	Ancestors
	and the tome		Anglo-Saxons,		0	Archaeologist
	stone.		Vikings and		0	Artefact
	Know about the		Scots (hook		0	BCE (Before the
	history of NCSPA.		back to Y5 –			Common/Curre
			Barnstaple			nt Era), also
	Know and use the		Local Study).			known as BC
	key vocabulary:	•	Assessment:			(Before Christ)
	<ul> <li>Archaeologist</li> </ul>		Know about		0	Bronze
	<ul> <li>Artefact</li> </ul>		resistance by		0	CE
	<ul> <li>Ballast</li> </ul>		Alfred the			(Common/Curre
	o Barum		Great and			nt Era), also
	<ul> <li>BCE (Before the</li> </ul>		Athelstan, first			known as AD
	Common/Current		king of			(Anno Domini or
	Era), also known		England.			The Year of Our
	as BC (Before	•	Understand			Lord)
	Christ)	1	that Vikings and		0	Classes
	o CE		Anglo-Saxons		0	Cowrie shells
	(Common/Curren	1	struggled for		0	Dynasty
	t Era), also known		power in		0	Emperor
	as AD (Anno	1	England from		0	Hierarchy
			S I			,

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	real 5 curricululi Pl	ogres	sion Statements - All si	ubjects		
	Domini or The		the withdrawal		С	Jade
	Year of Our Lord)		of the Roman		С	Military general
	<ul> <li>Ceramics</li> </ul>		Empire c.		С	Nobles
	<ul> <li>Charter</li> </ul>		CE/AD 410 to		С	Oracle bones
	<ul> <li>Earthenware</li> </ul>		1066 (hook		С	Pagoda
	<ul> <li>Exchange</li> </ul>		back to Y4		С	Peasants
	<ul> <li>Export/import</li> </ul>		Autumn 2 and		С	Pictographs
	<ul> <li>Guildhall</li> </ul>		Y4 Spring 1)		С	Pray
	<ul> <li>Kerseys</li> </ul>				С	Sacrifice
	<ul> <li>merchants</li> </ul>	•	Know and use		С	Slave
	o <b>Mint</b>		the key		С	Society
	o <b>Ribbon</b>		vocabulary:		С	Tomb
	development	0	Archaeologist		С	Warlord
	<ul> <li>Saxon Burhs</li> </ul>	0	Artefact			
	<ul> <li>Tucking/fulling</li> </ul>	0	BCE (Before the			
			Common/Curre			
			nt Era), also			
			known as BC			
			(Before Christ)			
		0	CE			
			(Common/Curr			
			ent Era), also			
			known as AD			
			(Anno Domini			
			or The Year of			
			Our Lord)			
		0	Conversion			
		0	Danegeld			
		0	Danelaw			
		0	Invasion			
		0	Kingdoms			
		0	Monastery			
		0	Normans			
		0	Raids			
		0	Resistance			
		0	Witan			

RESPECT

Abstract Terms Linked to<br/>Historical ConceptsCivilisation, Democracy, Empire, Invasion, Migration/immigration/emigration, Monarchy, Parliament, Power, Resistance,<br/>Settlement, Social class/aristocracy/peasantry, Trade



	Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects									
	Year 5 Progression Statements – IT and Computing									
https:	//teachcomputing.org/c Autumn 1	urriculum Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2				
	E-safety		Spring 1		Summer 1					

		Year	r 5 Progression S	Statements – N	lusic	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Singing	<ul> <li>Sing confidently as a class and in small groups.</li> <li>Sing songs with increasing control of breathing, posture and sound projection.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Sing songs in tune and with an awareness of other parts.</li> <li>Know when to breathe within a song.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Sing a round in two parts, identifying the melodic phrases.</li> <li>Sing expressively with awareness and control of the expressive elements. e.g. timbre, tempo, dynamics.</li> </ul>	
istening	<ul> <li>Extend their use of musical vocabulary to describe what they hear, like and dislike in pieces of music from a range of genres, including live music.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Begin to compare the work of a range of different composers, including a range of genres.</li> </ul>		Listen to and share opinions on the work of their peers.	
mprovising and composing	<ul> <li>Create an accompaniment to a known song.</li> <li>Explore, select and combine sounds when improvising and composing.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Continue to develop skills with using technology to create a piece of music.</li> </ul>		Improvise their own simple tunes.	
Notation – reading and writing	Continue to develop staff notation reading skills.		<ul> <li>Read rhythms using crotchets, quavers, semi- quavers,</li> </ul>		Compose     using staff     notation.	

		minims and			
		rests.			
Playing	A selection of Percussion/tuned and	untuned instruments will be pla	yed throughout the yea	r, a new instrument eac	ch term. The
	Progression statements will be addre	essed as appropriate according	to the allocated instrume	ents.	
	<ul> <li>Play a range of instruments with</li> </ul>	0			
	<ul> <li>Be aware of correct techniques t</li> </ul>	o use with different instrument	S.		
	<ul> <li>Develop their ability to play a pail</li> </ul>	rt whilst others are performing	a different part.		
Suggested genres	<ul> <li>Year 5 has a bespoke list of s</li> </ul>	ongs from many different genre	es, of varying styles and f	rom many countries, tra	aditions and cultures in
	chronological order from the Model	Music Curriculum:			
	https://www.youtube.com/playlist?l	ist=PLitQ2pP9mJegL6G920NQ0	oAUOxyVkOouL		
	• Use these songs as a starting	point to discuss:			
	<ul> <li>musical elements</li> </ul>				
	$_{\odot}$ to inspire creativity i	n your classroom, maybe listen	during the register, getti	ng changed for PE or w	hilst playing Times
	Tables RockstarS				
Key Vocabulary	<ul> <li>Pulse, Rhythm, Pitch, Dynan</li> </ul>	nics, Tempo, Texture, Timbre a	nd Structure.		
	• Structure – every piece of m	usic has a structure e.g. an intro	duction, verse and chore	us ending.	

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NEWPORT COMMUNITY SCHOOL PRIVACY ACADEMY	Year 5 Progression Statements – PE					
Based on <i>Dance in a Box</i> and <i>PPE</i> Planning and resources: <ul> <li>Progression of Key Skills</li> <li>Vocabulary progression</li> <li>Further supporting documents</li> </ul>						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Indoor	Gymnastics		Dance		Tennis	Fitness
Outdoor	Tag rugby	Cross country	Quicksticks     hockey	Basketball	Cricket	<ul><li>Athletics</li><li>House competitions</li></ul>

	Year 5 Progression Statements – Primary Languages The Primary French Project - Niveau rouge						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Speaking and Listening		<ul> <li>Revise numbers 1- 21.</li> <li>Ask what time it is and say the time on the hour.</li> <li>Revise names for parts of the UK.</li> <li>Know the names of 10 places found in a town.</li> <li>Know the numbers 13-29.</li> <li>Know some words for units of time (e.g. une seconde, une minute).</li> <li>Understand and say the time on the half hour and quarter past the hour.</li> <li>Know 2 adjectives of size - petit and grand, and create simple spoken sentences.</li> </ul>	Spring 1	<ul> <li>Know five more places found in a town (feminine nouns).</li> <li>Practise understanding a range of clock times by listening</li> <li>Know how to pronounce the names of some world cities: Moscou, New York, Sydney, Tokyo.</li> <li>Revise information about where they live.</li> <li>Know the numbers up to 40.</li> <li>Revise the negative adverb <i>nepas</i>.</li> <li>Create spoken sentences consisting of a main clause, and a subordinate clause introduced by a subordinating conjunction based around time, e.g., <i>Quand il est trois</i> <i>heures à Paris, il est</i></li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Know the number 2</li> <li>Know the number 50, and practise using numbers 1-50.</li> <li>Know how to ask where someone is going, and how to say where they are going.</li> <li>Know the days of the week.</li> <li>Begin to understand and use some verb phrases that describe leisure activities.</li> <li>Use the structure <i>pour</i> + infinitive</li> <li>Use the structure <i>pour</i> + infinitive</li> <li>Use an adverbial phrase of time as a sentence opener, e.g., à neuf heur</li> <li>Practise creating spoken sentences to say where they are going, and for what purpose.</li> <li>Practise simple sentences about personal information such as name, age, where they live etc.</li> </ul>	

**COLLABORATION** 

		<ul> <li>Learn to say the time to five minutes.</li> <li>Revise the question <i>Tu as quel âge?</i> and the answer <i>J'ai xx</i> <i>ans.</i></li> </ul>	
Pooding Writing	De Deprise kou	Talk about the town     or village where they     live (what there is     and what there is     not).	Dhoming land
Reading, Writing, Grammar and Phonics	<ul> <li>Phonics – key graphemes:</li> <li>Ç</li> <li><u>go</u></li> <li>Spell the numbers 1-12.</li> <li>Revise the circumflex accent].</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phonics – key graphemes: <ul> <li>gi</li> <li>é</li> </ul> </li> <li>Practise understanding a range of clock times by reading.</li> <li>Practise writing clock times.</li> <li>Practise writing the time to five minutes</li> <li>Create some written compound sentences.</li> <li>Use what they have learnt to write about the town or village where they live (what there is and what there is not).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phonics – key graphemes: <ul> <li>i</li> </ul> </li> <li>Know how the preposition à and the definite article <i>le</i> must elide to form a new word, <i>au</i>.</li> <li>Use the preposition à with the definite article <i>l'</i>: à <i>l'</i></li> <li>Create written sentences about time and the days of the week.</li> <li>Know about the infinitive form of the verb.</li> <li>Use a writing frame to create simple diary entries in French.</li> </ul>
Cultural Understanding	Know the key     features and     terminology of a	<ul> <li>Know what an arrondissement is.</li> <li>Know about La Poste (the postal service)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know about the 4th arrondissement and its monuments.</li> </ul>
RESPECT	CONFIDENCE	COLLABORATION	INNOVATION

COLLABORATION

Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects
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Key Vocabulary Year 5 Knowledge Organisers containing Key Vocabulary
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Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects						
	YN - Y6 Progression Statements – PSHE					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
https://jigsawpshe.online/mater ials/pshe-primary/	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams & Goals	HAMP Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me

	Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects							
	N		Year 5 Progression Statements – RE					
Page nun	Page numbers refer to the location of the Progression Statements in Devon-and-Torbay-Agreed-Syllabus-2019-2024-FINAL (1).pdf							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Year 5	Page 75	Page 82	Page 77 Unit U2.3	Page 83 Unit U2.9	Page 78 Unit U2.4	Page 84		
	Unit U2.1	Unit U2.8	Why do Christians	Why is the Torah so	Christians and how to	Unit U2.10		
	What does it mean if	What does it mean to	believe Jesus was the	important to Jewish	live: 'What would Jesus	What matters most to		
	Christians believe God is	Christians believe God is be a Muslim in Britain		people?	do?'	Humanists and		
	holy and loving?	today?				Christians?		

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	Year 5 Progression Statements – Science				
In each half term there is a focus on an area of Wo					
	grated into each bloo	ck of Science knowledge teaching and are revisited in different contexts over Y5 and			
Y6. Working Scientifically: <i>Planning different types of</i> <i>scientific enquiries to answer questions, including</i> <i>recognising and controlling variables where</i> <i>necessary.</i> Use prior knowledge to suggest what might happen in an enquiry; make a prediction.	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (	<ul> <li>Independently ask scientific questions. This may be stimulated by a scientific experience or involve asking further questions based on their developed understanding following an enquiry.</li> <li>Given a wide range of resources, decide for themselves how to gather evidence to answer a scientific question.</li> <li>Choose a type of enquiry to carry out and justify their choice.</li> <li>Recognise how secondary sources can be used to answer questions that cannot be answered through practical work.</li> <li>Select from a range of practical resources to gather evidence to answer their questions.</li> <li>Carry out fair tests, recognising and controlling variables.</li> <li>Decide what observations or measurements to make over time and for how long.</li> <li>Look for patterns and relationships using a suitable sample.</li> <li>Make and justify their predictions.</li> </ul>			
Working Scientifically: Taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate.	$(\mathbf{Q})$	<ul> <li>Select measuring equipment to give the most precise results e.g. ruler, tape measure or trundle wheel, force meter with a suitable scale.</li> <li>During an enquiry, make decisions e.g. whether they need to: take repeat readings (fair testing); increase the sample size (pattern seeking); adjust the observation period and frequency (observing over time); or check further secondary sources (researching); in order to get accurate data (closer to the true value).</li> </ul>			
Working Scientifically: <i>Recording data and results</i> of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.		<ul> <li>Decide how to record and present evidence.</li> <li>Record observations e.g. using annotated photographs, videos, labelled diagrams, observational drawings, labelled scientific diagrams or writing.</li> <li>Record measurements e.g. using tables, tally charts, bar charts, line graphs and scatter graphs.</li> <li>Record classifications e.g. using tables, Venn diagrams, Carroll diagrams and classification keys.</li> </ul>			
RESPECT	CONFIDENCE	COLLABORATION INNOVATION			

			Progression Statements - All subjects     Present the same data in different ways in order to help with answering the
Working Scientifically: Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. Working Scientifically: Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations.			<ul> <li>question.</li> <li>Answer their own and others' questions based on observations they have made, measurements they have taken or information they have gained from secondary sources. When doing this, discuss whether other evidence e.g. from other groups secondary sources and their scientific understanding, supports or refutes their answer.</li> <li>Talk about how their scientific ideas change due to new evidence that they have gathered.</li> <li>Talk about how new discoveries change scientific understanding.</li> <li>In their conclusions: identify causal relationships and patterns in the natural world from their evidence; identify results that do not fit the overall pattern; and explain their findings using their subject knowledge.</li> <li>Evaluate, for example, the choice of method used, the control of variables, the precision and accuracy of measurements and the credibility of secondary sources used.</li> <li>Identify any limitations that reduce the trust they have in their data.</li> <li>Communicate their findings to an audience using relevant scientific language and illustrations.</li> </ul>
Working Scientifically: Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests.			• Use the scientific knowledge gained from enquiry work to make predictions they can investigate using comparative and fair tests.
Coverage	Working Scientifically Focus	Enquiry type Focus	Knowledge
Autumn 1			Properties and changes of materials – Page 51: Y1-6 Progression Statements – PLAN Science
Autumn 2			Living things and their habitats - Page 47: Y1-6 Progression Statements – PLAN Science
RESPECT		CONFIDENCE	COLLABORATION INNOVATION

RESPECT

COLLABORATION

Year 5 Curriculum Progression Statements - All subjects						
Spring 1	<b>(() () ()</b>		Earth and space – Page 54: Y1-6 Progression Statements – PLAN Science			
Summer 1			Forces – Page 56: Y1-6 Progression Statements – PLAN Science			
Summer 2			Animals, including humans – Page 49: Y1-6 Progression Statements – PLAN Science			

